

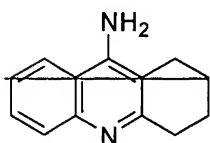
Amendments to the Claims

1-25. (Cancelled)

26. (Currently amended) A method for improving excretory potency of an urinary bladder, which comprises administering a therapeutically effective amount of a non-carbamate amine compound having an acetylcholinesterase-inhibiting action to a patient in need thereof, wherein said non-carbamate amine compound is

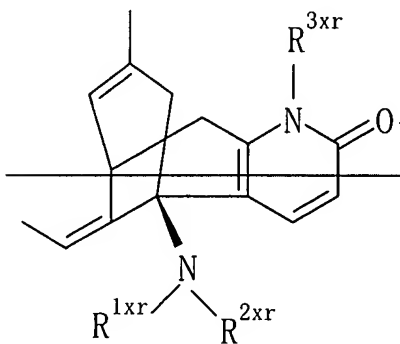
(1) 1-benzyl-4-[(5,6-dimethoxy-1-indanon)-2-yl] methylpiperidine or a salt thereof, thereof.

(2) 9-amino-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroacridine of the formula:



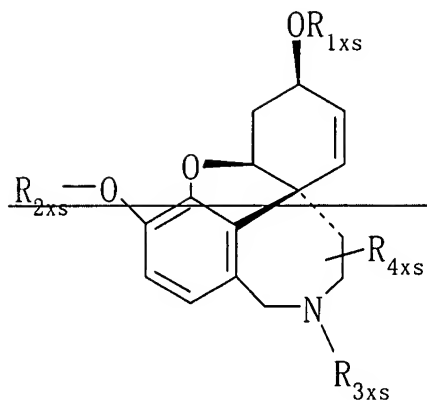
or a salt thereof,

(3) a compound of the formula:



wherein R^{1xr} , R^{2xr} and R^{3xr} each is a hydrogen atom or lower alkyl group, or a salt thereof, or

(4) galanthamine derivatives of the formula:



wherein R_{1xs} and R_{2xs} are the same or different, each is a hydrogen atom or acyl group, or a straight or branched alkyl group;

R_{3xs} is a straight or branched alkyl group, alkenyl group or alkaryl group, and these groups may be replaced optionally by halogen atom, cycloalkyl group, hydroxy, alkoxy group, nitro, amino, aminoalkyl group, acylamino group, heteroaryl group, heteroaryl-alkyl group, aroyl group, aroylalkyl group, or cyano; and

R_{4xs} is a hydrogen atom or halogen atom attached to at least one of carbon atoms that constitute the tetra-cyclic skeletal structure,

or a salt thereof.

27. (Cancelled)

28. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 26, which is a method for the treatment of dysuria.

29. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 26, which is a method for the treatment of difficulty of urination.